

Amend Claim 4 as follows:

a<sup>2</sup>  
4. (Amended) A component of a rotating machine as set forth in claim 3 wherein the other terminal end of all of the conductors are carried by one of the mating bobbin halves.

[Amend Claim 5 as follows:]

5. (Amended) A component of a rotating machine as set forth in claim 4 wherein the one of the mating bobbin halves is molded with the conductor other terminal ends molded into the one mating bobbin half.

#### REMARKS

Certain of the originally submitted claims have been amended so as to overcome the technical objections expressed by the Examiner and to further emphasize the distinctions between Applicants' invention and the prior art.

Applicants' invention is directed toward a concept of having a bobbin for the coil windings which bobbin, in addition to providing the area around which the winding is wound, provides a terminal connection that connects to one end of the coil windings so as to permit connections between various coil groups. It is submitted that the prior art is simply devoid of such a teaching.

The Examiner has rejected Claim 1, which has been amended so as to emphasize this distinction, on either the combination of Sakashita et al in view of Sakamoto or Sakashita in view of Atherton. Sakashita does not provide a basic teaching on which to base such combinations. Sakashita does not disclose a bobbin contrary to the Examiner's argument. The figures, which the Examiner pointed out in this reference, disclose the prior art and they simply fail to disclose any bobbin as such. Furthermore, they do not show the bobbin having an intermediate or external portion spaced from the windings that is adapted to receive an electrical terminal to provide its connection to the winding ends.

The structure shown in FIG. 14, which does disclose the relationship of the windings